

# -ing form or infinitive / prefer, would rather, had better / infinitives of purpose

## verb/noun/adjective phrase + -ing form

Some verb, noun and adjective phrases are usually followed by the -ing form.

✓ I've finished writing my essay.

These include:

admit	delay	dislike	fancy	involve	miss	resist
appreciate	deny	enjoy	feel like	keep (on)	postpone	risk
avoid	detest	escape	finish	mention	practise	suggest
can't help	discuss	face	give up	mind	put off	understand



- Some of the verbs, nouns and adjectives in the list above can also be followed by an object before the -ing form.
- √ I can't stand people cheating in exams.
- When we put a verb after a preposition, we almost always use an -ing form.
  - √ I'm interested in hearing more about that course.

#### verb/noun/adjective phrase + full infinitive

Some verb, noun and adjective phrases are usually followed by the full infinitive.

✓ Your answer appears to be wrong.

These include:

able	arrange	choose	fail	manage	prepare	seem	would like
afford	ask	decide	happen	offer	pretend	tend	
agree	attempt	encourage	help	plan	promise	want	
appear	beg	expect	hope	pleased	refuse	wish	



- Some of the verbs, nouns and adjectives in the list above can also be followed by an object before the full infinitive.
- √ I didn't want to take the exam.
- ✓ My mum didn't want me to take the exam.

## verb + bare infinitive

Some verbs can be followed by an object + the bare infinitive.

✓ You never let me say the answer.

These include:

feel hear let make notice see watch

Watch out!

- The verbs feel, hear, notice, see and watch can also be followed by the -ing form. We often use the bare infinitive for a completed action (from start to finish). We often use the -ing form for an action in progress at the time.
  - ✓ I heard Miss Jenkins tell Julie not to do that. (= I heard all of it.)
  - √ I heard Miss Jenkins telling Julie not to do that. (= I heard part of it.)
- In the passive, hear, make and see are followed by the full infinitive.
  - ✓ Active: The teacher made me stand in the corner.
  - ✓ Passive: I was made to stand in the corner.

#### verb + full infinitive or -ing form with little or no change in meaning

Some verbs can be followed by the full infinitive or the -ing form with little or no change in meaning.

- ✓ We continued to do experiments in the lab all afternoon.
- We continued doing experiments in the lab all afternoon.
  These include:

begin

can't bear/stand

continue

hate intend

love

prefer

start

## verb + full infinitive or -ing form with a change in meaning

Some verbs can be followed by both the full infinitive and the -ing form. The choice depends on the meaning.

- ✓ I remember teachers at my school hitting children when they were naughty!
- ✓ Did you remember to do your homework?

These verbs include:

consider forget go on imagine learn like

mean regret remember stop teach

See page 196 in the Reference Section for a full list of verbs and definitions.

#### prefer, would rather, had better

Form	Use	Example
prefer + noun/-ing + to + noun/-ing	expressing general preference	I <b>prefer</b> biology <b>to</b> history. I <b>prefer</b> read <b>ing</b> English texts <b>to</b> speak <b>ing</b> in English.
would prefer + full infinitive + rather than (+ bare/full infinitive)	expressing specific preference (on this occasion)	I'd prefer to have the lesson on Wednesday rather than ([to] have it) on Tuesday, if that's possible.
would rather + bare infinitive + than (+ bare infinitive)	expressing general or specific preference	I'd rather have the lesson on Wednesday than (have it) on Tuesday, if that's possible.
would rather + sb + past simple/ past continuous	expressing general or specific preference (about someone else)	I'd rather you didn't sit next to Brian.
had better + bare infinitive	giving advice	You'd better ask your parents if you can come on the school trip.

Watch out!

We don't usually say I don't prefer... We use I prefer not to....
✓ I prefer not to have music on when I'm studying.

# infinitives of purpose

When we want to talk about someone's purpose (the reason they do something), we can use:

the full infinitive

I went to university **to avoid** getting a job!

in order + full infinitive so as + full infinitive

I went to university **in order to avoid** getting a job! I went to university **so as to avoid** getting a job!

Watch out!

We can also express the same idea using so (that).

✓ I went to university so (that) I could avoid getting a job!

With a negative purpose we don't normally use the full infinitive on its own.

- ✓ I went to university in order not to get a job!
- ✓ I went to university so as not to get a job!
- X I went to university not to get a job!

A	Circle	the	correct	word	or	phrase.
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- I really don't feel like **going / to go** out tonight. Do you? 1
- 2 Everyone expected his business failing / to fail within the first few months.
- 3 What would you like **doing / to do** this evening?
- 4 We discussed **turning / to turn** the attic into a spare bedroom with the architect.
- 5 She wasn't able **speaking / to speak** very clearly after her accident.
- 6 Do you mind **moving / to move** your car, please? You're blocking the road.
- They're going to postpone making / to make a decision until next month. 7
- 8 Are you planning of getting / to get a new DVD player?
- 9 Are you thinking of getting / to get a PlayStation?
- 10 I'm very pleased telling / to tell you that you've passed!

	12	I'm really looking forward to				
В		nplete using the correct form d to use the passive voice.	(-ing	form or full	infinitive) of	the verb in brackets. You may
	1	I'll never forgive June for				
	2	Ivan's not very good at				
	3	I can't resist				. ( <b>study</b> ), not blame them for not
	4	studying.	uents.			. (Study), not blame them for not
	5		han			(persuade) the bank manager to
	,	lend you so much money!	gea		***************************************	(persuade) the bank manager to
	6				(walk) so m	uch that she's not going to come
	7	Do you deny		(steal	) the money?	Yes or no?
	8	The kids were pretending			( <b>be</b> ) a	sleep, but they didn't fool me for a
		second.				
	9	I refuse		(accept) the	at there's no	alternative.
	10	No one understands how Ji	ll can a	fford		( <b>go</b> ) on so many holidays
		each year.				
	11				. ( <b>send</b> ) to p	orison. Next time, the judge won't
		be so forgiving.				
	12	No. 2011		(give)	a brand new	computer for Christmas, but all
		he got was a second-hand w	vatch!			
С		d the text in Exercise D and o e infinitive or a full infinitive.				d be filled with the <i>-ing</i> form, a
	1		·		13	
	2				14	
	3	9			15	
	4	10			16	***************************************
	5	11			17	
	6		!			

**D** Complete using the correct form (-ing form, bare infinitive or full infinitive) of the verbs in the box. Use each verb only once.

achieve • be • behave • come • do • hope • improve • learn • listen make • play • sit down • take • tell • try • use • work

	Report	t: W	illiam Watson	
	Willia (2) (4) (5) anyth (7) Howe (9) best (11) his be way. but it	mina nina wa eha Re-	Watson sometimes seems to be afraid of (1)	wing that involves ons. He seems to detest oble of (6)
	even	(17	) that he might improve. Having sail	
			s – 5A	
ļ	34	-	and the same of th	and the second
E		if t	ch pair of sentences, put a tick ( ) if both sentences mean they have different meanings.  I can't bear being tickled!</th <th>he same thing. Put a cross</th>	he same thing. Put a cross
			I can't bear to be tickled!	
	2		My boss went on saying that he was very proud of all of us. My boss went on to say that he was very proud of all of us.	
	3		Have you stopped having lunch yet? Have you stopped to have lunch yet?	
	4		Have you started having lunch yet?  Have you started to have lunch yet?	
	5		They continued climbing the mountain.  They continued to climb the mountain.	
	6	a	We all saw the reporter interviewing the witness.  We all saw the reporter interview the witness.	
	7	a	I love playing practical jokes on my younger brother.  I love to play practical jokes on my younger brother.	
	8	a	Why don't you try holding your breath for a minute or two? Why don't you try to hold your breath for a minute or two?	
	9	а	I hate being cheated by taxi drivers.  I hate to be cheated by taxi drivers.	

F		plete each second sentence using the word given, so that it has a similar meaning to the sentence. Write between two and five words in each gap.
	1	I should have taken my medicine this morning, but I didn't remember. <b>forgot</b> I my medicine this morning.
	2	I'll always remember the time when I went up Mont Blanc. never I'll
	3	I must hang up the washing later. <b>remember</b> I up the washing later.
	4	Darren thinks that wearing a suit to work is appropriate. <b>likes</b> Darren a suit to work.
	5	Jackie wishes she hadn't said that to Allie. regrets  Jackie that to Allie.
	6	I'm sorry, but your credit card has been cancelled by the bank. <b>regret</b> I your credit card has been cancelled by the bank.
	7	Crashing the car wasn't my intention, you know! <b>mean</b> I the car, you know!
	8	If I take that job, I'll have to do a lot more travelling. <b>mean</b> Taking that job to do a lot more travelling.
	9	Jim's mum made him tidy his room before he could go and play in the park. <b>made</b> Jim his room before he could go and play in the park.
S.	10	I don't suppose you watched that film last night on BBC2, did you? happen You that film last night on BBC2, did you?
	11	People often think that learning Latin is a waste of time. <b>considered</b> Learning Latin a waste of time.
G	Eacl	h of the words or phrases in bold is incorrect. Rewrite them correctly.
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	I generally prefer coffee <b>from</b> tea
	10	She'd rather start revising if she wants to do well in the exam next week
	11	Shona prefers to not wear make-up to work

8.8	*** **				- 9	
n	Write	one	word	In	each	gap.

- I prefer pop music ...... rock, to be honest.
   I would prefer to go to the concert tomorrow ..... than on Saturday.
- 3 I ...... playing the piano on my own to performing.
- 4 I'd rather ...... to that jazz club than a nightclub.
- 5 I'd ...... you didn't practise playing the trumpet while I'm trying to study.
- 6 You'd ..... get tickets soon as they're running out.
- 7 We queued up early in ...... to get good seats.
- **8** We waited for hours so ...... not to miss the VIPs arriving.
- 9 I called the theatre ...... find out what time the concert started.
- 10 I actually prefer ...... to listen to music through speakers; it sounds so much better through headphones.
- 11 Don't you think we ..... better turn the music down a bit?

#### Choose the correct answer.

approach learning.

#### Approaches to learning

1	Α	learning	В	to learn	С	learn	D	having learnt
2	Α	making	В	to make	C	make	D	having made
3	Α	benefiting	В	to benefit	C	benefit	D	to have benefited
4	Α	correcting	В	being corrected	C	to correct	D	to be corrected
5	Α	being	В	be	C	to have been	D	to be
6	Α	making	В	to make	C	to be making	D	make
7	Α	doing	В	to do	C	having done	D	to have done
8	Α	to perfect	В	perfecting	C	perfect	D	be perfected
9	Α	to	В	from	C	that	D	than
10	Α	explore	В	to explore	C	exploring	D	being explored
11	Α	that	В	to be	C	as	D	being
12	Α	desire	В	demand	C	need	D	order
13	Α	to take	В	taking	C	to have taken	D	having taken
14	Α	that	В	much	C	as	D	many
15	Α	to question	В	questioning	C	question	D	to be questioned